# SK A4CF

Fits: Hyundai/Kia models with A4CF1 or A4CF2

# **Prevents/Corrects/Reduces**

Brutal 6-4 kick-down bang, erratic shifting complaints, flares/neutrals on shifts, gear ratio and/or solenoid performance codes & delay engagements.





A4A6-RV-TK works on two different Transmission Families
A4CF 4-Speeds & A6MF 6-Speeds

### Step 1

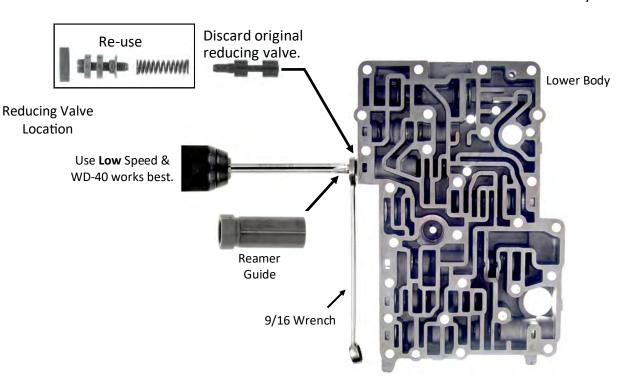
Disassemble Valve body and remove the Reducing Valve assembly from the **Lower Body**. Save the retainer, adjuster & spring for re-use. Discard original valve.

# Lower Body shown assembled.

### **Step 2** Reducing Regulator Bore Repair:

Insert the reamer guide into **reducing valve** bore on the Lower Body. Use a 9/16 open end wrench on the flats of the reamer guide to keep the guide from rotating. Insert the reamer into the guide. Using lots of WD-40 and **low speed** on your favorite portable drill,

let the reamer do the cutting until it bottoms in the bore. Don't force the reamer. Remove the tools and clean the body.



### **Step 1** Reducing Valve Measurement & Adjustment

### Do Not Skip This Step!

Measure stock adjustment: This is the gap between outside edge of spring seat and inside face of end plug.

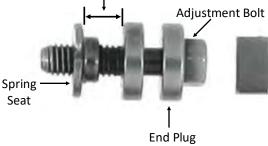
Write it down in the space provided.

Now add .040. The result will be the new adjustment gap.

**Example:** If original gap was .300", by adding .040" it would make the New Gap .340". To adjust, hold the spring seat stationary (or insert in VB) and turn adjustment bolt until gap measures .340". This step is necessary to work with the new larger valve.

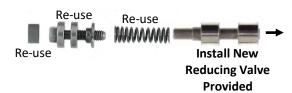
### **Measurement Calculation**

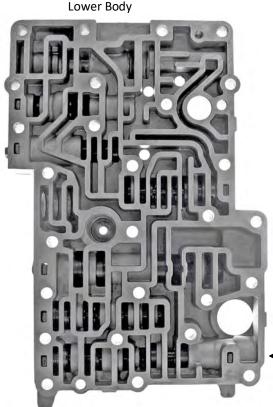
# Measure Original Gap first! (We have seen them between .265-.340") Adjustment Bo



### Step 2 Install New Reducing Valve

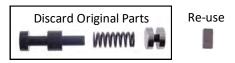
With the lower body & new valve cleaned & oiled, check for free movement and then install the original spring, adjuster and retainer.



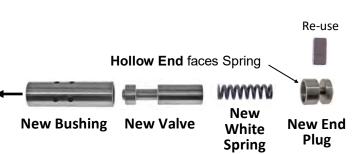


### **Step 3** Converter Limit Repair

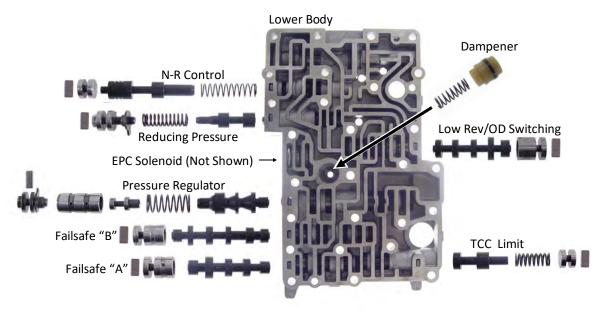
Repair Converter Limit by removing & discarding the original limit valve, spring and end plug. Save retainer!

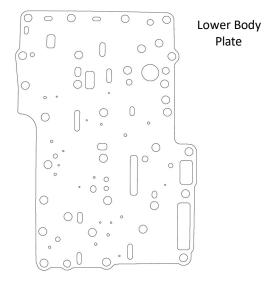


Install the NEW **Bushing**, **Valve**, **White Spring & Hollow End Plug** followed by the original retainer.

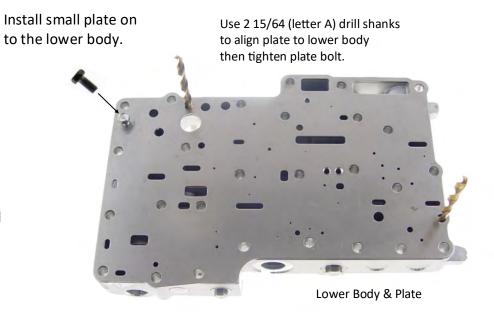


### **Alignment & Assembly**

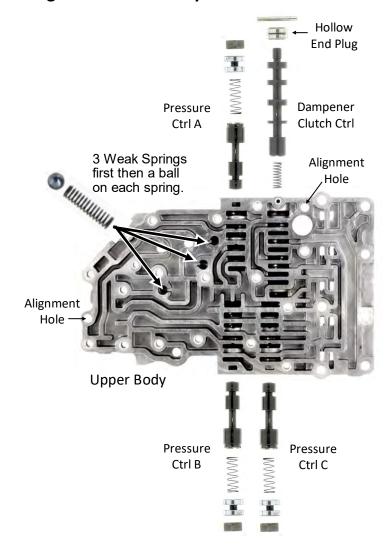


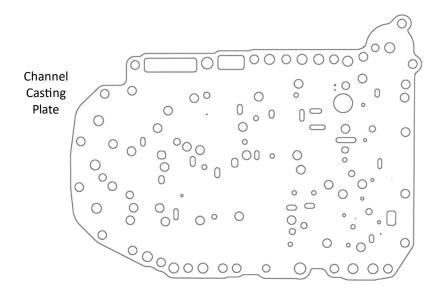


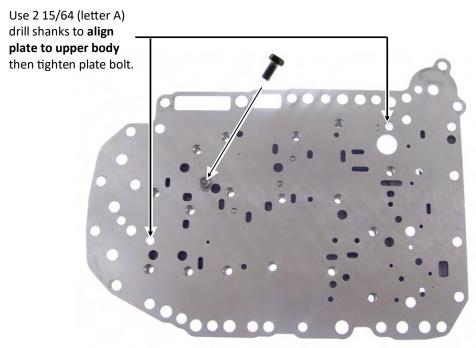
This is a typical parts layout of a A4CF1 Valve body. Your Valve Body model may be different! Always mark the location of each of the small parts and return them to their original locations! Due to the variety of models and applications, expect differences and use care when disassembling.



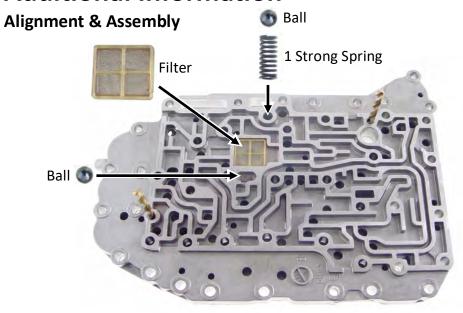
### **Alignment & Assembly**



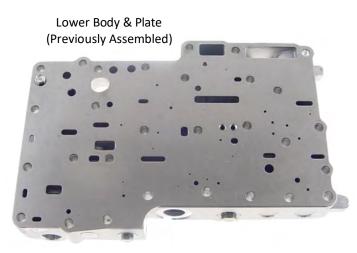




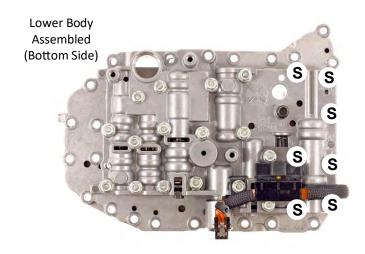
Install large plate on to the upper body.



Install channel casting over drill bits to align with upper body & large plate. Install small parts into bottom side of channel casting.



Flip assembled lower body onto drill bits to align lower body with channel casting. Install all bolts except "S" (solenoid body) bolts.



Flip body over and Install Solenoid Body Plate, Body, Bolts at "S" locations & the wiring harness.



Upper Body Assembled (Top Side)

All sol's this side approx 3.2 Ω

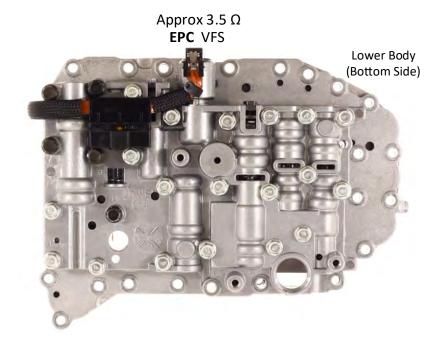
OD/LR PCSV-A

OD/LR Switch

TCC PCSV-D

2-4 PCSV-B

UD PCSV-C



All Sol's are the same except for EPC VFS.

OD/LR Switch Sol (Labeled in some books as On/Off) is in fact NOT an on/off Solenoid. It is PWM controlled like the rest. Function is to position LR/OD switch valve to direct OD/LR sol oil to proper circuit depending on whether OD or LR clutch is asked to be on. Solenoids are sequentially numbered but are interchangeable.



For the latest product release information, product part numbers & distributor listings, log onto www.transgo.com. Have a Great Day! Watch for failed solder joints on harness connector.

Back of pass-through case connector shown.

Very common source of electrical codes.

